

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Claims 1-15 (canceled).

16. (currently amended): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gas using a NOx gas sensor having first and second measurement chambers including associated first and second oxygen ion pump cells, respectively, which detects the concentration of NOx a specific component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

detecting oxygen concentration in a gas introduced into the first measurement chamber of the NOx sensor based on an electric current flowing through the first oxygen ion pump cell of the NOx sensor;

calibrating a detection output of the gas sensor by determining a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of NOx said specific component, based on a detection output of the NOx gas sensor when the detected oxygen concentration assumes a value substantially the same as that in atmosphere, and

determining detecting the NOx concentration of said specific component after the detection output has been calibrated.

17. (currently amended): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gas using a gas sensor having first and second measurement chambers including associated first and

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second oxygen ion pump cells, respectively, which detects the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of a specific  
component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, comprising:

detecting oxygen concentration in a gas introduced into the first measurement chamber of  
the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor based on an electric current flowing through the first oxygen ion pump cell of  
the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor;

calibrating a detection output of the NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor by determining a zero point, which  
indicates a zero concentration of the NO<sub>x</sub> specific component, based on a detection output of the  
gas sensor obtained on cutting fuel supply to said internal combustion engine for setting the NO<sub>x</sub>  
concentration ~~of said specific component~~ in the gas introduced into said gas sensor substantially  
to zero or to substantially the same level as the atmosphere; and

determining ~~detecting~~ the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration ~~of said specific component~~ after the  
detection output has been calibrated.

18. (currently amended): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gases  
using a NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor having first and second measurement chambers including associated first  
and second oxygen ion pump cells, respectively, which detects the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of a  
specific component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, the method  
comprising:

detecting oxygen concentration in a gas introduced into the first measurement chamber of  
the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor based on an electric current flowing through the first oxygen ion pump cell of  
the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor;

calibrating a detection output of the gas sensor by determining a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of the NOx ~~specific component~~, based on a detection output of the gas sensor obtained on setting a rich air-to-fuel ratio for said internal combustion engine to reduce the NOx ~~said specific component~~ and to set the NOx concentration of ~~said specific component~~ in the gas introduced into said gas sensor substantially to zero or to substantially the same level as the atmosphere; and

~~determining~~ detecting the concentration of the NOx ~~said specific component~~ after the detection output has been calibrated.

19. (previously presented): The method as defined in claim 16, wherein said gas sensor is a NOx sensor.

20. (currently amended): The method as defined in claim 16 ~~19~~, wherein said NOx sensor has ~~a first air gap and a second air gap~~, a first diffusion resistance unit and a second diffusion resistance unit, ~~and a first oxygen ion pump cell and a second oxygen ion pump cell~~;

wherein said exhaust gas is ~~gases are~~ diffused via said first diffusion resistance unit into said first ~~air gap~~ measurement chamber, said first oxygen ion pump cell pumping out oxygen from said first ~~air gap~~ measurement chamber ~~so that oxygen in the gas diffused via said first diffusion resistance unit into said first air gap will be of a specified oxygen concentration~~; and

wherein the gas having the specified oxygen concentration is diffused from said first ~~air gap~~ measurement chamber via said second diffusion resistance unit into said second ~~air gap~~ measurement chamber; NOx is decomposed in said second ~~air gap~~ measurement chamber; said

second oxygen ion pump cell pumping out dissociated oxygen ions; and the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration is detected from a current flowing in said second oxygen ion pump cell.

21. (currently amended): The method as defined in claim 16 ~~19~~ wherein said NO<sub>x</sub> sensor is mounted downstream of a NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst and wherein said zero point is calibrated based on a detection output of said NO<sub>x</sub> sensor when an air-to-fuel ratio is temporarily set to a rich side for cleaning NO<sub>x</sub> occluded in said NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst.

22. (currently amended): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gases using a gas sensor having first and second measurement chambers including associated first and second oxygen ion pump cells, respectively, which detects the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration ~~of a specific component~~ in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, comprising:

operating the internal combustion engine under a driving condition in which the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration ~~of said specific component~~ can be estimated or in which the NO<sub>x</sub> ~~said~~ concentration is known;

detecting oxygen concentration in a gas introduced into the first measurement chamber of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor based on an electric current flowing through the first oxygen ion pump cell of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor;

calibrating a detection output of said NO<sub>x</sub> ~~gas~~ sensor based on a detection output of said NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor when the detected oxygen concentration assumes a value substantially the same level as that in the atmosphere under the driving condition for said engine; and

determining ~~detecting~~ the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration ~~of said specific component~~ after the detection output has been calibrated.

23. (currently amended): An apparatus for detecting the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of exhaust gases comprising:

a NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor having first and second measurement chambers including associated first and second oxygen ion pump cells, respectively, for detecting the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of a specific component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine;

driving condition setting means for setting driving conditions for the engine which enable the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of said specific component to be estimated or which render said concentration known; and

calibration means for calibrating a detection output of said NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor based on a detection output of said NO<sub>x</sub> gas sensor under said driving conditions as set by said driving condition setting means, said detection output being calibrated when an oxygen concentration of a gas introduced into the first measurement chamber of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor is substantially the same as that in the atmosphere, said oxygen concentration being detected by a current flowing through the first oxygen ion pump cell of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor.

Claims 24-56. (canceled)

57. (new): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gas using a NO<sub>x</sub> sensor which detects the concentration of a specific component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

calibrating detection output of the gas sensor by determining a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of said specific component, based on a detection output of the gas sensor in atmosphere, and

detecting the concentration of said specific component after the detection output has been calibrated,

wherein said NOx sensor is mounted downstream of a NOx occlusion catalyst and wherein said zero point is calibrated based on a detection output of said NOx sensor when an air-to-fuel ratio is temporarily set to a rich side for cleaning NOx occluded in said NOx occlusion catalyst.

58. (new): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gas using a NOx sensor having a detection output which detects the concentration of a specific component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

detecting the concentration of the specific component in atmospheric air to obtain a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of the specific component,

calibrating the detection output of the gas sensor based on said zero point, and

detecting the concentration of said specific component in exhaust gas based on said calibrated detection output,

wherein said NOx sensor is mounted downstream of a NOx occlusion catalyst and wherein said detection output is calibrated while an air-to-fuel ratio is temporarily set to a rich side for cleaning NOx occluded in said NOx occlusion catalyst.

59. (new): A method for detecting the concentration of exhaust gas using a NOx sensor having a detection output which detects the concentration of a NOx component in a gas discharged from an internal combustion engine, the method comprising:

detecting the concentration of the NO<sub>x</sub> component in atmospheric air to obtain a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of the NO<sub>x</sub> component,

calibrating the detection output of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor based on said zero point, and

detecting the concentration of said NO<sub>x</sub> component in exhaust gas based on said calibrated detection output,

wherein said NO<sub>x</sub> sensor is mounted downstream of a NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst and wherein said detection output is calibrated while an air-to-fuel ratio is temporarily set to a rich side for cleaning NO<sub>x</sub> occluded in said NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst.

60. (new): A method for detecting the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration of exhaust gas discharged from an internal combustion engine using a NO<sub>x</sub> sensor, the method comprising:

calibrating a detection output of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor by determining a zero point, which indicates a zero concentration of NO<sub>x</sub>, based on a detection output of the NO<sub>x</sub> sensor in atmosphere, and

detecting the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration after the detection output has been calibrated,

wherein said NO<sub>x</sub> sensor has a first measurement chamber and a second measurement chamber, a first diffusion resistance unit and a second diffusion resistance unit, and a first oxygen ion pump cell and a second oxygen ion pump cell;

wherein said exhaust gas is diffused via said first diffusion resistance unit into said first measurement chamber, said first oxygen ion pump cell pumping out oxygen from said first measurement chamber so that oxygen in the gas diffused via said first diffusion resistance unit into said first measurement chamber will be of a specified oxygen concentration; and

wherein the gas having the specified oxygen concentration is diffused from said first measurement chamber via said second diffusion resistance unit into said second measurement chamber; NO<sub>x</sub> is decomposed in said second measurement chamber; said second oxygen ion pump cell pumping out dissociated oxygen ions; and the NO<sub>x</sub> concentration is detected from a current flowing in said second oxygen ion pump cell, and

wherein said NO<sub>x</sub> sensor is mounted downstream of a NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst and wherein said detection output is calibrated while an air-to-fuel ratio is temporarily set to a rich side for cleaning NO<sub>x</sub> occluded in said NO<sub>x</sub> occlusion catalyst.

61. (new): The method as defined in claim 16, wherein said atmosphere is atmospheric air.

62. (new): The method as defined in claim 17, wherein said atmosphere is atmospheric air.

63. (new): The method as defined in claim 18, wherein said atmosphere is atmospheric air.

64. (new): The method as defined in claim 22, wherein said atmosphere is atmospheric air.

65. (new): The method as defined in claim 23, wherein said atmosphere is atmospheric air.